



INTERNATIONAL CAVITATION EROSION TEST

Test Rig Identification Card

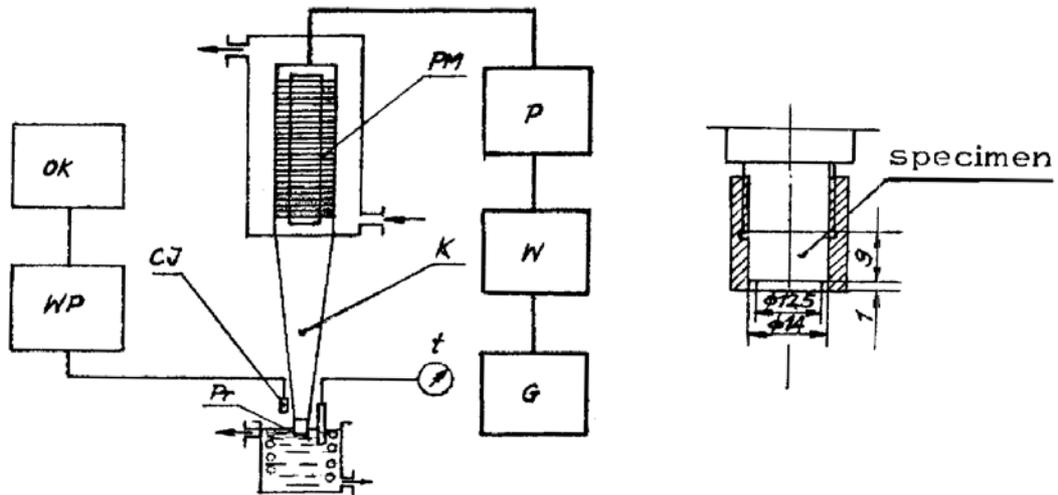
Facility: vibratory rig

Principle of vibration generation:

magnetostriction /~~piezoelectricity~~/

Laboratory: **Institute of Fluid-Flow Machinery
of the Polish Academy of Sciences, Gdansk, Poland**

1. Sketch of the sample (~~counter-sample~~)
with dimensions and showing mounting method

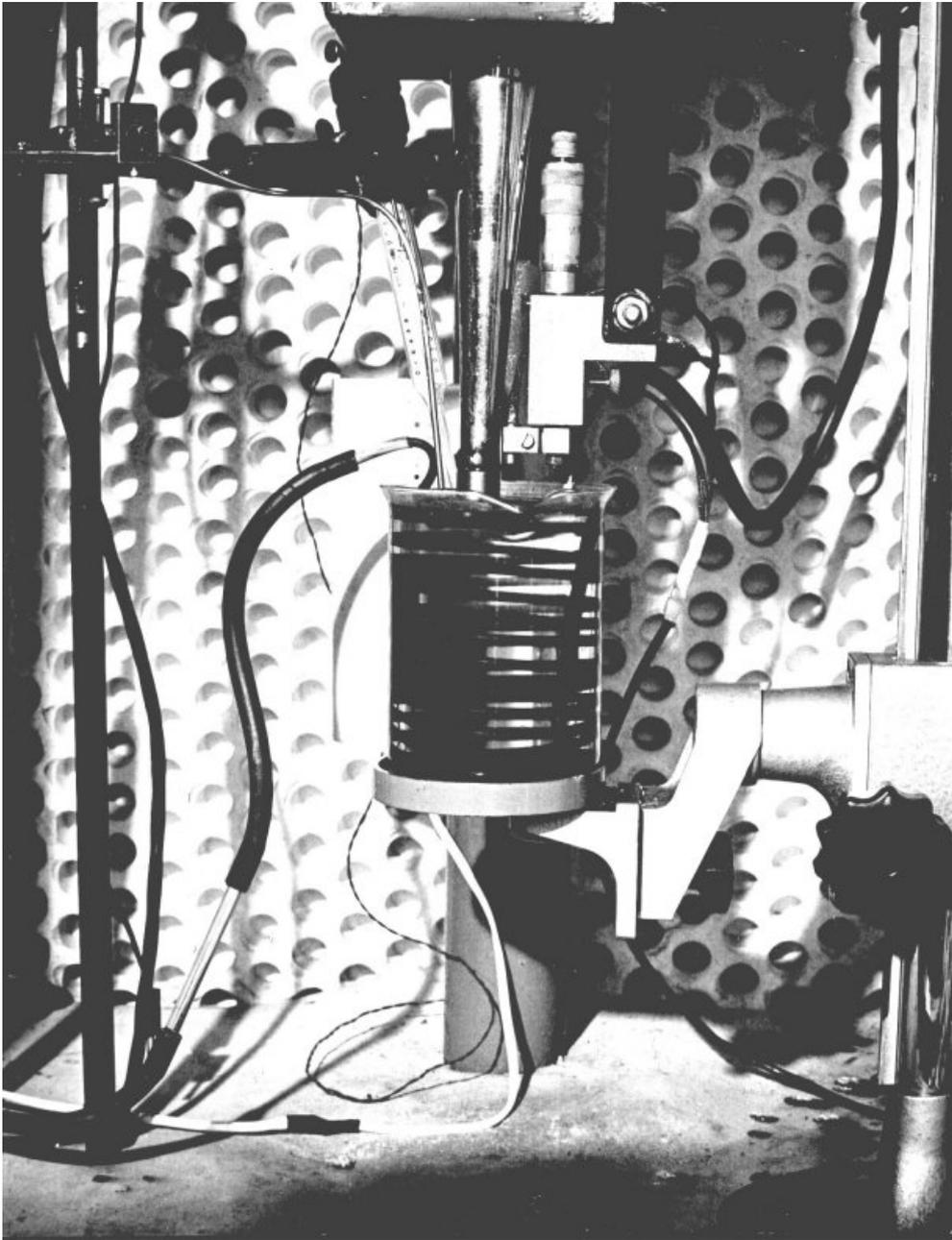


Notation: PM - magnetostrictive transducer, K - horn, Pr - specimen, P - polarizer, W - amplifier, G - generator, CJ - inductive sensor, WP - measuring amplifier, OK - cathode oscilloscope, T - thermometer

2. Basic operational data

input power: 500 W
oscillation frequency: 8.114 kHz
oscillation amplitude(p-p): 50 μ m
standard temperature: 20 ± 1.5 °C
open/~~pressurised~~ vessel
sample submergence depth (open vessel): 4 ± 1 mm
vessel diameter: 90 mm height: 140 mm
sample area subjected to damage: 122.7 mm²
other data:

designer/manufacturer: **Institute of Fluid-Flow Machinery
of the Polish Academy of Sciences**



The Vibratory Cavitation Erosion Test Apparatus



INTERNATIONAL CAVITATION EROSION TEST

Laboratory Results Summarisation

Laboratory: **POLISH ACADEMY OF SCIENCES**
INSTITUTE OF FLUID-FLOW MACHINERY
GDANSK, Poland

Facility: **VIBRATORY RIG**

oscillation frequency: 8.1 kHz *tip/sample distance:* 3 mm
amplitude: 50 μm *impinged area:* 122.7 mm^2

working liquid: tap water, pH 7.4, 8.3 $\text{mg O}_2/\text{dm}^3$, 20 °C

<i>material</i>	<i>Test duration</i>	<i>Volume loss</i>	<i>Eroded area</i>	<i>Mean&Max Depth of Penetration</i>		<i>Incubation period</i>		<i>MDPR</i>	
	min	mm^3	mm^2	μm	μm	$\tau_{0.2}$ min	τ_{inc} min	<i>max</i> $\mu\text{m}/\text{min}$	<i>ultimate</i>
PA2	360	45.44808	122.7	370.4	810.0	0.4	13	1.73	0.575
M63	360	18.17187	122.7	148.1	680.0	1	30	0.57	0.285
E04	360	15.09210	122.7	123.0	720.0	7	30	0.48	< 0.134
45	360	10.79760	122.7	87.0	620.0	2	44	0.38	0.155
1H18N9T	360	4.19634	122.7	34.2	460.0	22	109	0.132	0.130
tarnamide	360	2.87118	122.7	23.4	310.0	30	28	0.073	0.063

